

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name: SL Gear Lub GL5 80w90 2.5gl

**Product Code:** SI189022 (SINCLAIR CODE: 570-009)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended use:** Gear Oil **Recommended** Not applicable

restrictions:

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Warren Distribution, Inc.

727 S. 13th Street Omaha, NE 68102

**Information Phone:** +01 (800) 825-1235 +01 (402) 341-9397

E-mail: sds@wd-wpp.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency phone number:** CHEMTREC: +1 (800) 424-9300

International: +01 (703) 527-3887

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Sensitisation Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Category 3

## 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS Hazard Symbols**



Signal Word Warning

**Hazard Statements** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements** 

**Prevention** P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Disposal** P501- Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

**Hazards not otherwise** Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact with used fluid.

classified:

**Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)** 

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients							
Chemical Name	%	CAS#	GHS Classification				
Residual oils, petroleum, solvent-refined	30 - 60	64742-01-4	Acute Tox. 4; H332				
			Acute Tox. 3; H331				
Naphthalene	15 - 40	91-20-3	Aquatic Acute 1; H400				
			Aquatic Chronic 1; H410				
			Acute Tox. 4; H302				
			Carc. 2; H351				
			Flam. Sol. 1; H228				
Cumene	1 - 5	98-82-8	Aquatic Chronic 2; H411				
			Asp. Tox. 1; H304				
			Acute Tox. 4; H302				
			Flam. Liq. 3; H226				
			STOT SE 3; H335, H336				
Ethyl benzene	1 - 5	100-41-4	Acute Tox. 4; H332				
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225				
Ethyl acrylate	0.1 - 1	140-88-5	Acute Tox. 4; H312				
			Acute Tox. 3; H331				
			Acute Tox. 4; H302				
			Eye Irrit. 2; H319				
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225				
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315				
			Skin Sens. 1; H317				
			STOT SE 3; H335, H336				

Components not listed are not physical or health hazards as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard).

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen and get medical

attention immediately.

**Eyes** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the

head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical

attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician.

**Skin Contact** Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, launder immediately, and discard

contaminated leather goods. Get medical attention immediately. Seek medical advice if symptoms

persist.

**Ingestion** Severely irritating. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. Drink 2 glasses of

water or milk to dilute.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Not determined

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to Doctor** Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting may severely damage the lungs. If evacuation of stomach

contents is necessary, use method least likely to cause aspiration.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable and Unsuitable
Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical when fighting fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully applied

to the surface of the fire. Do not direct a stream of water into the hot burning liquid.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Fire and/or Explosion** Material may be ignited only if preheated to temperatures above the high flash point, for example in

**Hazards** a fire.

**5.3.** Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Methods and Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self- contained breathing apparatus and

**Protection** full protective equipment. Use methods for the surrounding fire.

**Hazardous Combustion** Carbon monoxide, Smoke

**Products** 

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Measures: Exposure to the spilled material may be severely irritating or toxic. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this SDS. Personal protective equipment needs must be evaluated based on the special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred, and the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Never exceed any occupational exposure limits.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush to sewer.

Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches that lead to waterways.

Remove from water surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Do not use dispersants.

Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches that lead to waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up:** Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section 8 at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Dispose of according to Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations. Used fluid should be disposed of at a recycling center. {EMSFORM\_06GHS\_CLEAN}

#### **6.4.** Reference to other sections

Follow all protective equipment recommendations provided in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Toxic or severely irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. Empty containers may retain product residues/ vapors. Use proper bonding and grounding during bulk product transfer.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool dry place. Isolate from incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** 

See Section 10.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Gear Oil

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits	Value
OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA PEL	50 ppm TWA; 245 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA PEL	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA PEL	25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA STEL	15 ppm STEL; 75 mg/m3 STEL
OSHA STEL	125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL
	OSHA PEL OSHA PEL OSHA PEL OSHA PEL OSHA PEL OSHA STEL

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1. Control parameters

**Chemical Name Occupational Exposure Limits** Value Oil mist, mineral ACGIH TLV-TWA 5 mg/m3ACGIH TLV-TWA 10 ppm TWA Naphthalene 50 ppm TWA Cumene **ACGIH TLV-TWA** ethylbenzene **ACGIH TLV-TWA** 20 ppm TWA 5 ppm TWA Ethyl acrylate **ACGIH TLV-TWA** Oil mist, mineral ACGIH STEL 10 mg/mNaphthalene ACGIH STEL 15 ppm STEL Ethyl acrylate ACGIH STEL 15 ppm STEL Naphthalene **IDLH** 250 ppm IDLH

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Cumene} & \text{IDLH} & 900 \text{ ppm IDLH } (10\% \text{ LEL}) \\ \text{ethylbenzene} & \text{IDLH} & 800 \text{ ppm IDLH } (10\% \text{ LEL}) \\ \end{array}$ 

Ethyl acrylate IDLH 300 ppm IDLH

CumeneOSHA PEL-Skin Notationprevent or reduce skin absorptionEthyl acrylateOSHA PEL-Skin Notationprevent or reduce skin absorptionCumeneOSHA STEL-Skin NotationPotential for dermal absorption

Naphthalene ACGIH TLV-Skin Designation Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route

8.2. Exposure controls

**Engineering Measures** Local exhaust ventilation, process enclosures, or other engineering controls are necessary when

handling or using this product to avoid overexposure.

**Respiratory Protection** Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this product. General

or local exhaust ventilation is the preferred means of protection. Use a respirator if general room

ventilation is not available or sufficient to eliminate symptoms.

**Respirator Type(s)**None required where adequate ventilation is provided. If airborne concentrations are above the

applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection.

**Eye Protection** Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear

additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact

lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

**Skin Protection** Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves, an apron and other protective equipment

depending upon conditions of use. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap

and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Gloves Neoprene, Nitrile

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidColorBrownOdorMild

Odor threshold Not determined PH Not determined

Freezing point -20

**Boiling Point** Not determined

Flash Point (°C) 218 Flash Point Method COC

**Evaporation Rate** Not determined **Upper Flammable/Explosive** Not established

Limit, % in air

Lower Flammable/Explosive Not established

Limit, % in air

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Vapor pressure <0.20 Vapor Density 4.42 Relative Density 0.89

**Solubility in Water** Negligible; 0-1% **Octanol/Water Partition** Not determined

Coefficient

**Autoignition Temperature** Not determined **Decomposition Temperature** Not determined

 $Viscosity(^{\circ}C)$  130.9

9.2. Other information

Volatiles, % by weight 0.000000

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity** No data available.

**10.2. Chemical stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

reactions

**10.4. Conditions to avoid** Temperatures above the high flash point of this combustible material in combination with sparks,

open flames, or other sources of ignition. Moisture (will lead to product performance degradation).

10.5. Incompatible materials

**10.6. Hazardous** Carbon monoxide, Smoke

decomposition products

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Ingestion Toxicity** No hazard in normal industrial use. Estimated to be > 5.0 g/kg.

Strong oxidizing agents

**Skin Contact** This material is likely to be moderately irritating to skin based on animal data. Can cause severe

irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Irritation effects may last for hours or days but will not likely

result in permanent damage.

**Absorption** Estimated to be > 5.0 g/kg; practically non-toxic

Inhalation Toxicity

No hazard in normal industrial use. Likely to be practically non-toxic based on animal data.

Eye Contact

This material is likely to be severely irritating to eyes based on animal data. Can cause severe

irritation. Eye contact may result in corneal injury. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.

Sensitization Non-hazardous under Respiratory Sensitization category. No data available to indicate product or

components may be a skin sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% is mutagenic

or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Contains a substance that is a possible cancer hazard based on high dose animal studies and/or a

human study.

**Reproductive and** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% may cause

**Developmental Toxicity** birth defects.

**Specific target organ** Non-hazardous under Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity Single Exposure category.

toxicity-Single exposure

Specific target organ Non-hazardous under Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity Repeated Exposure category.

toxicity-Repeated exposure

**Aspiration toxicity** Non-hazardous under Aspiration category.

**Other information** No data available.

#### **Agents Classified by IARC Monographs**

Not applicable IARC Group 1

Not applicable IARC Group 2A
Naphthalene IARC Group 2B
Cumene IARC Group 2B
ethylbenzene IARC Group 2B
Methyl isobutyl ketone IARC Group 2B
Ethyl acrylate IARC Group 2B
Vinyl acetate IARC Group 2B

#### National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status

Not applicable Known Human Carcinogen

Naphthalene Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen Cumene Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Acute Aquatic ecotoxicity: Non-hazardous under Aquatic Acute Environment category.

Chronic Aquatic ecotoxicity: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegrades slowly.

# **12.3. Bioaccumulative potential** Bioconcentration may occur.

12.4. Mobility in soil

This material is expected to have essentially no mobility in soil. It absorbs strongly to most soil types.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Not determined

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal Methods**

Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations.

## Waste Disposal Code(s)

#### **Waste Description for Spent Product**

Spent or discarded material is non-hazardous according to environmental regulations.

#### **Contaminated packaging:**

Recycle containers whenever possible.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**DOT Basic** Not classified as hazardous for transport (DOT, TDG, IMO/IMDG, IATA/ICAO).

**Description** 

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Chemical Inventories**

**TSCA Status** All components of this material are on the US TSCA Inventory or are exempt.

U.S. State Restrictions: Not applicable B4, D2A

B2, D2A B2, D2A, D2B

B2, D1A, D2A, D2B, E, F

Chemical Name Naphthalene Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- ethylbenzene Ethyl acrylate Naphthalene Cumene	Regulation CERCLA CERCLA CERCLA CERCLA SARA 313 SARA 313	CAS # 91-20-3 98-82-8 100-41-4 140-88-5 91-20-3 98-82-8	% 15 - 40 1 - 5 1 - 5 0.1 - 1 15 - 40 1 - 5
ethylbenzene Methyl icebytyl ketene	SARA 313	100-41-4	1 - 5 0.1 - 1
Methyl isobutyl ketone Ethyl acrylate	SARA 313 SARA 313	108-10-1 140-88-5	0.1 - 1
Vinyl acetate	SARA 313	108-05-4	0.001-0.01
None.	SARA EHS	100 05 1	0.001 0.01
None.	TSCA 12b		
U.S. State Regulations			
Chemical Name	Regulation	CAS#	%
Naphthalene	California Prop 65- Cancer	91-20-3	15 - 40
Cumene	California Prop 65- Cancer	98-82-8	1 - 5
ethylbenzene	California Prop 65- Cancer	100-41-4	1 - 5
ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE	California Prop 65- Cancer	108-10-1	0.1 - 1
Ethyl acrylate	California Prop 65- Cancer	140-88-5	0.1 - 1
Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)	California Prop 65- Dev. Toxicity	108-10-1	0.1 - 1
None.	California Prop 65- Reprod -fem		
None.	California Prop 65- Reprod-male		
Naphthalene	Massachusetts RTK List	91-20-3	15 - 40
Cumene	Massachusetts RTK List	98-82-8	1 - 5
ethylbenzene	Massachusetts RTK List	100-41-4	1 - 5
Ethyl acrylate	Massachusetts RTK List	140-88-5	0.1 - 1
Naphthalene	New Jersey RTK List	91-20-3	15 - 40
Cumene	New Jersey RTK List	98-82-8	1 - 5
ethylbenzene	New Jersey RTK List	100-41-4	1 - 5
Ethyl acrylate	New Jersey RTK List	140-88-5	0.1 - 1
Naphthalene Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	Pennsylvania RTK List	91-20-3 98-82-8	15 - 40 1 - 5
Benzene, (1-memylemyr)- Benzene, ethyl-	Pennsylvania RTK List Pennsylvania RTK List	100-41-4	1 - 5
2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester	Pennsylvania RTK List	140-88-5	0.1 - 1
None.	Rhode Island RTK List	140 00 3	0.1 1
Naphthalene	Minnesota Hazardous	91-20-3	15 - 40
<b>.</b>	Substance List	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Cumene	Minnesota Hazardous Substance List	98-82-8	1 - 5
ethylbenzene	Minnesota Hazardous Substance List	100-41-4	1 - 5
Ethyl acrylate	Minnesota Hazardous Substance List	140-88-5	0.1 - 1

HMIS Ratings:<br/>Health:NFPA Ratings:<br/>Health:3

Fire: 1 Fire: 1
Reactivity: 0 Reactivity: 0

PPE: B

KEY: 0 - Least 1 - Slight 2 - Moderate 3 - High 4 - Extreme

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

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References ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

DOT: United States Department of Transportation

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transportation Association IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

RTK: Right-to-Know

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold limit value

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA: Time weighted average

**UN: United Nations** 

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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INFORMATION. THE PRODUCT SHOULD BE USED IN APPLICATIONS CONSISTENT WITH

THIS PRODUCT LITERATURE. FOR ANY OTHER USES, EXPOSURES SHOULD BE EVALUATED SO THAT APPROPRIATE HANDLING PRACTICES AND TRAINING PROGRAMS CAN BE ESTABLISHED TO ENSURE SAFE WORKPLACE OPERATIONS.

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